## Syllabus

Basic course data			
University	University of Applied So	ciences in Ferizaj	
Academic unit	Faculty of Engineering a	and Informatics	
Program	Industrial Engineering v	vith Informatics	
Course Title:	Chemistry		
Level of studies:	Bachelor		
Туре:	Core		
Year:	I, Semestrer I		
Hours per week:	3		
Credits:	5		
Time / location:			
Lecturer:			
Contact details:		_	
Course description:	Within the Chemistry s	ubject, students wil	l learn about matter,
•	its structure and conter	•	-
	periodic table of element		-
	Chemical bonds and th	eir effect on mater	rial properties. Phase
		mical equilibrium	
	irreversible processes. T	ypes of forces. Cata	lysts.
Objectives of the subject:	The main purpose of th	is course is to intro	duce new concepts to
	reinforce basic knowle	dge that includes	aspects of structure,
	bonding, molecular sh	ape and reactivity,	matter and energy
	distribution in microso	copic and macrosc	opic terms, and an
	introduction to the imp	ortant physical para	meters that describe
	states of matter (solid, l	iquid and gaseous p	hases).
Expected learning	After completing this course (subject), the student will be able		
outcomes:	to:		
	To know the str	ucture of matter and	d the changes that
	occur during its transformation.		
	• To explain the formation of chemical bonds and their		
	influence on the properties of materials.		
	Distinguish inor	ganic compounds fr	om organic ones.
	Work in the lab	oratory independen	tly and solve
	problems - task	s with stoichiometri	c calculations.
Prerequisites	N/A		
Contribution to student w	orkload which should cor	respond to student	learning outcomes
Activity	Hours	Day/week	Overall
Lectures	2	15	30
Numerical exercises / Labs	2	15	30
Consultations with the	2	15	30
teacher			
Colloquium	1	5	5

library or at home)		
Total		125 hours
	•	
Requirements for the realization of the teaching topic:	Hall equipped with white board, compute	r and projector.
Ratio between theory and	50% Lectures	
practice:	50% Numerical Exercises/Labs	
Teaching Methodology:	In the first hour, students will be introduced to the course Syllabus, which means the content of the course, the basic and additional literature, the students' obligations to the course, as well as the methodology and evaluation criteria of the students. In order to achieve the objectives of teaching and learning, i.e. to acquire basic knowledge of the subject, to develop students' skills and abilities, student-centered teaching is used. The material will be given to the students before each lecture, so that the students can use the time of their own study either in the library or at home to familiarize themselves with the content of the topic of the next lecture. The presentation of the teaching topic is done in Powerpoint with active participation of students and immediate individual assessment; while additional clarifications are written in the table. Repetition of the previous topic is preferred as an introduction to the new topic, and is developed primarily through discussion and active student participation. The evaluation of the student's active participation is individual and is done during the lecture when the teacher asks questions, but also during the numerical exercises. At the end of the lecture, students will be informed briefly about the content of the next lecture. Students will be given step-by-step procedures that are fluently	
Assessment and grading:	<ul> <li>described, which they will be able to use a The student is subject to continuous theoretical knowledge and assessment of work.</li> <li>Participation of evaluations in determinin         <ul> <li>Class activity is assessed with 5%. The student is assessed with 5%. The student is assessed individual participation in discussions during</li> <li>Activity in numerical exercises a assessed with 15%: Individual or The student is assessed individual participation in solving numerical work. The laboratory exercise can be and in small groups consisting therefore the assessment criteri</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	assessment of basic skills during laboratory g the final grade: : <i>Individual assessment.</i> ally based on his active g lectures. and laboratory work is group assessment. ally based on his active al tasks and laboratory worked on individually of 2 to 3 students,

	with this		
	<ul> <li>with this.</li> <li>The colloquium is evaluated with 40% As a part of the course, students should participate in the colloquia, which are usually held in the middle of the semester (colloquium I - week 7) and at the end of the semester (colloquium II - week 15). Each colloquium is evaluated with 40%. The colloquium will be supervised by the subject teacher.</li> <li>The final or summative exam is evaluated with 80%: The final exam evaluates the basic knowledge of students in the taught subject who did not participate in the assessment with colloquiums. The exam is individual and is carried out through a written test. The test is designed by the teacher who teaches the subject. The test contains 100 marks consisting of questions of different types such as open-ended questions, multiple- choice questions, combination questions, fill-in questions, etc.</li> </ul>		
	Note: 1. The recognition of the points gained from the activity in the classroom, the activity in numerical exercises and laboratory work will be valid until the student takes the		
	exam.		
	Student evaluation criterion (in %):		
	% value Grade		
	91 - 100% 10 (excellent)		
	81 - 90% 9 (very good) 71 80% 8 (good)		
	71 - 80% 8 (good) 61 - 70% 7 (satisfactory)		
	51 - 60% 6 (pass)		
	0 - 50% 5 (failed)		
Required or recommende			
Required literature	1. Prof. Asoc. Dr. Milihate Aliu, "Chemistry", Script, 2023		
Recommended literature:	1. Filipoviq, S. Lipanoviq, Kimia e përgjithshme dhe		
	inorganike, Prishtinë, 1996.		
	<ol> <li>A. Lajçi, V. Kalaj, "Kimia" Prishtinë, 1998.</li> </ol>		
Course details:			
Week	Lectures		
Week 1:	States of matter		
	<ul> <li>Interatomic and intermolecular forces</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Gases, liquids and Solids</li> </ul>		
Week 2:	Atomic structure		
	- The structure of the atom and elementary particles		
	<ul> <li>Hydrogen atom and isotopes</li> </ul>		
	- Quantum numbers of electrons in the atom		
Week 3:	Periodic Table of chemical elements		

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	- The structure of the periodic system.	
	<ul> <li>Properties of elements in the periodic system.</li> </ul>	
14/2 - 1- 4-	Electronic configuration and hybridization.  Substances and their classification	
Week 4:	- Pure substances and mixtures.	
	<ul> <li>Methods for separating substances from mixtures.</li> </ul>	
Week 5:	Homogeneous and heterogeneous systems.  Organic compounds	
Week 5:	- Formulas of organic compounds	
	<ul> <li>Properties of organic compounds.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Classification of organic compounds</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Functional groups</li> </ul>	
	Heteroatoms (O, N, S, P, Si)	
Week 6:	Inorganic compounds	
WEER U.	- Hydrides, carbides and nitrides	
	- Oxides, acids, bases and salts	
Week 7:	Colloquium I	
Week 8:	Effect of chemical bonds on material properties	
VVEEN O.	<ul> <li>Primary bonds: ionic, covalent and metallic bond</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Secondary bonds: hydrogen bond, Ven der Walls forces</li> </ul>	
Week 9:	The structure of ionic compounds	
WEER J.	- Formation of ionic bond.	
	<ul> <li>Ionization energy and electron affinity</li> </ul>	
Week 10:	The structure of covalent compounds	
WEEK ID.	- Covalent bond formation and electronegativity.	
	- Coordinative covalent bond	
Week 11:	Solutions	
WCCK II.	- Properties of solutions.	
	<ul> <li>Dissolution of substances and concentration of the</li> </ul>	
	solution.	
	- Solubility.	
	- Dilution of solutions	
Week 12:	Electrolytes	
	- Electrolytic dissociation	
	<ul> <li>Aqueous solutions of acids, bases and salts.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Application of the law of action of masses on the</li> </ul>	
	electrolyte.	
	- Dissociation constant.	
	Ionic product of water and pH.	
Week 13:	Chemical kinetics	
	- Chemical equilibrium	
	- Le Chatelier's Principle	
	- Change in concentrations	
	- Change in temperature	
	Change in pressure	
Week 14:	Catalysis and catalysts	
	- Activation energy	

	- Catalysts Inhibitors	
Week 15:	Colloquium II	
Academic policies and rules of conduct:		
Etiquette policies are set in accordance with the UASF statute		
• First of all, the student should be mindful and respectful towards the institution and the academic rules.		
• They should respect the schedule of lectures, exercises and be attentive to the class.		

• It is mandatory to have and show the ID on the exam.