Basic data of module			
Academic Unit:	Faculty of Management,		
	Program: Entrepreneurship and Innovation Management		
The name of the subject which you lecture	Circular Economy Entrepreneurship		
Level :	Master		
Status	Compulsory		
Year:	I -th		
Semester:	Second		
Number of hours :	3		
ECTS:	6		
Time /location:			
Lecturer (title/name):			
Contact details (e mail/phone of the lecturer):			
Subject description The aim of the subject:	In the context of this course, students will be equipped with knowledge related to the circular economy, a economic system that is regenerative and restorative by design, enabled by renewable energy, minimizes flows to incineration and waste disposal, and maintains resources in the highest possible value at all times. Also, during the semester, students will be introduced to key concepts such as: The theory of the circular economy in general, business model design strategies for a circular economy, Innovation of products, services, and business processes for the circular economy, transitioning to sociotechnical systems and processes, Network collaboration with multiple stakeholders supporting the circular economy, the role of existing industries and market closure and unlocking, etc. The aim of the course is to provide students with a deeper understanding of the competitive capabilities of circular economy businesses. Furthermore, to illuminate the innovative and entrepreneurial opportunities of products, services, and processes as a competitive strategy compared to the linear approach 'take-make-use-waste.' More specifically, in the circular economy – business model, we focus on how to implement the principles of the circular economy in businesses.		
Expected of the learning outcomes:	 After completing this course, students should be able to: 1. Evaluate the interaction between business management, sustainability, and stakeholder practices and integrate circular principles across all business areas. 2. Interpret and communicate circular results to a wide range of stakeholders. 3. Solve problems by integrating circular concepts into operational and financial applications. 4. Identify environmental and social dimensions for companies, investors, consumers, and the public sector to enable circular benefits. 		

SYLLABI

	 concept the circu f. Identify circular 7. Critical and the strategie 	s, and reciprocal ular economy. and balance cha frameworks to ac ly assess the sele cories for the de es in the circular e	theories regarding be allenges and opportu- dvance sustainable bu- ected case using these evelopment of innov- economy.	se models, concepts, ations and business
The segregated stud	ents overload (· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Activities		Hours	Days/weeks	Total
Lectures		3	15	45
Theoretical exercises / laboratory				
Internship				
Contacts with teacher / consult	ations	1	15	15
Field exercises				
Midterm, Test				
Homework		3	13	39
Studying (at the library or at home)		3	15	45
Final preparation for the exam		1	5	5
Time spent on evaluation (tests, quiz and final exam)				
Projects and presentations		1	1	1
Total				150
Teaching methodology and learning methodology Evaluation method (criteria to pass exam)	 The realization of learning will be achieved through theoretical lectures, discussion of case studies, as well as interactive discussions with students during the lecture The assessment and grading structure for students will be based on the following three activities: 1. Activity and engagement in discussion during the teaching process, up to 10% of the grade: Students actively participate in discussions during the teaching process, up to 10% of the grade: 2. Research part related to solving problems raised during lectures. 2. Research part related to the specified topics each week is evaluated up to a maximum of 40% of the grade: Each week, students are required to research the topic specified by the instructor and write a maximum of 1 to 2 pages on the given topic. 3. Entrepreneurship project development integrating circular economy will be assessed up to a maximum of 40% of the grade: Students in group work (two students) are obliged to prepare an entrepreneurship project integrating circular economy by the end of the semester. 4. Presentation and defense of the project before the instructor and their peers are evaluated up to 10% of the grade: Students are obliged to present and defend the developed project before the instructor and their peers on the exam day. Construction of the final grade: max. 10 points - activity and engagement in learning, max. 40 points - drafting and presentation of the task, 			

	• max. 40 points - project, work/research,			
	• max. 10 points - presentation and defense of the project, The student passes the exam if he collects 50 points from all evaluation			
	criteria,			
The teaching/learning tools/				
IT	Use of the board, computer, projector, PowerPoint, etc.			
The distribution of the				
theoretical and practical part	60% Theory, 40% Practical instruction,			
of the studies	40% Flactical histraction,			
Literature				
Basic literature	 Stuchtey, M.R., Enkvist, P-A. and Zumwinkel, K. (2016). A Good Disruption – Redefining Growth in the Twenty-First Century, Bloomsbury Publishing Plc. Webster, K. (2017). The circular economy – A wealth of flows, Ellen MacArthur Foundation Publishing, 2nd Edition. 			
Additional literature	 Growth within. A circular economy vision for a competitive Europe, (p. 12-92) https://www.ellenmacarthurfoundation.org/assets/ downloads/publications/EllenMacArthurFoundation_Growth-Within_July15.pdf Elkington, J. (1998). Partnerships from Cannibals with Forks: The Triple Bottom Line of 21st Century Business, Environmental quality management, pp. 37-51. Braungart, M., McDonough, W. and Bollinger, A. (2007). Cradle-to-cradle design: creating healthy emissions – a strategy for eco-effective product and system design, Journal of Cleaner Production, Vol. 15, pp. 1337-1348. doi:10.1016/j.jclepro.2006.08.003 Kirchherr, J., Reike, D. and Hekkert, M. (2017). Conceptualizing the circular economy: An analysis of 114 definitions, Resources, Conservation & Recycling, Vol. 127, pp. 221-232. http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.resconrec.2017.09.005 Environmental Economics: Pearce and Turner (1990), Chapter 2, The Circular Economy Kirchherr et al. (2018). Barriers to the Circular Economy: Evidence From the European Union (EU), Ecological Economics, Vol. 150, pp. 264-272. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecolecon.2018.04.028 https://www.ellenmacarthurfoundation.org/ https://www.ellenmacarthurfoundation.org/ https://www.ellenmacarthurfoundation.org/ https://www.ellenmacarthurfoundation.org/ https://www.ellenmacarthurfoundation.org/ https://www.ellenmacarthurfoundation.org/ https://www.ellenmacarthurfoundation.org/ https://www.ellenmacarthurfoundation.org/circular-economy/concept/schools-of-thought Lewandowski, M. (2015). Designing the Business Models for Circular Economy – Towards the Conceptual Framework, Sustainability, Vol. 8, Issue 43, pp. 1-28. doi:10.3390/su8010043 Aabdelkafi, N. and Taüscher, K. (2016). Business Models for Sustainability From a System Dynamics Perspective, Organization and Environment, Vol. 29, Issue 1, pp. 74-96. DOI: 10.1177/1086026615592930 			
The teaching/learning plan	<u>10.1177/1000020013372730</u>			
Week	Lecture units			
WUUR	Presentation – informing students about the course syllabus,			
	Introduction to the circular economy			

	Understanding the limitations of our current linear economy and what
	Stuchtey et al. (2016) refer to as the 'growth dilemma.' We will discuss
I	the risks of continuing on the current trajectory and begin to explore
	what an alternative, a circular economy, might look like.
	Expected Outcome No. 1"
II	Principles of the Circular Economy
	During this lecture, we will cover the basic framework of the circular
	economy as commonly explained and consider the differences between a
	linear and circular mindset. In particular, we will explore the common
	(mis)perception that recycling is sufficient to effectively manage our
	non-biological material resources.
	Expected Outcome No. 1
III	Growth and Sustainability
	This lecture will take a look at the overall economy, including the crucial
	link between our monetary system and resource consumption. We will
	also discuss how the circular economy relates to sustainability and
	review various perspectives on the concept of degrowth.
	Expected Outcome No. 6, 7
IV	Business Model Design Strategies for a Circular Economy
	During this lecture, we will discuss product design strategies and
	business model strategies for decision-makers to facilitate the transition
	to a circular economy.
	Expected Outcome No. 6, 7
V	Innovation of Products, Services, and Business Processes for the
	Circular Economy
	The lecture will discuss the innovation of products and services based on
	the circular economy. Transitioning to the 'technical' non-biological
	components, materials, and product design for a circular economy,
	including the concept of biomimicry.
X 7 X	Expected Outcome No. 2, 4
VI	Supply Chains
	Technical cycles include reusing, repairing, and recycling products,
	parts, and materials. This lecture will explore how these cycles can
	sometimes be more challenging than initial product production and
	shipping, discussing the difference between closed and open material
	flows.
X/II	Expected Outcome No. 4
VII	Business Models in the Circular Economy
	The philosophy of the circular economy promotes a reconsideration of husiness models including offering products les a servicel instead of
	business models, including offering products 'as a service' instead of colling products and transforring ownership to consumers. We will
	selling products and transferring ownership to consumers. We will
	explore some of the possibilities and challenges of these circular business models.
VIII	Expected Outcome No. 7 Policies Related to the Circular Economy
VIII	
	During this lecture, policies related to the interest of governments
	worldwide in the possible economic, social, and environmental benefits
	of a circular economy will be elaborated. We will examine existing and
	potential policy changes to encourage larger circular flows, including the
	idea of taxing material resource consumption instead of labor.
	Expected Outcome No. 4, 2

IX	Consumers	
	Consumers are a key factor in the circular economy; therefore, in this	
	lecture, we will look at the role of the consumer in the circular economy.	
	We will also address how the sharing economy can help activate the	
	circular economy for certain types of products.	
	Expected Outcome No. 4	
X	Technology	
	Recent technological developments have increased the potential to bring	
	about a circular economy. This class will explore various technologies	
	that can enhance circulation, such as the Internet of Things (IoT) and	
	additive manufacturing (3D printing).	
	Expected Outcome No. 1	
XI	Circular Financing	
	Transitioning to a circular economy requires investment. We will discuss	
	the financing requirements for change and some of the innovative	
	financing models offered to expedite this transition.	
	Expected Outcome No. 3, 6	
XII	Circular Measurement	
	During this lecture, we will familiarize ourselves with key circular	
	measurement methodologies, including life cycle assessment of the	
	product, material, and 'circular washing.	
	Expected Outcome No. 6	
XIII	Circular Economy at the City and Regional Level	
	Based on expert predictions, cities will contain the overwhelming	
	majority of the world's population by 2050. Therefore, in this lecture,	
	attention will be devoted to elements such as how circular economies can	
	be created in cities and regions, including the idea of industrial	
	symbiosis, where 'waste' materials from one industry become input	
	materials for a completely different industry.	
X/XX/	Expected Outcome No. 2, 6	
XIV	Future Perspectives	
	The lecture will address the study of concepts presented in previous	
	sessions in light of possible future developments, applying existing rules	
	to the current business reality and vice versa. Additionally, what market	
	realities would require further legislative intervention?	
XV	Expected Outcome No. 7, 4, 6 Summary and Conclusions Regarding the Course	
	cademic policy and the code of conduct:	
	the lectures regularly and to have correct behavior towards his colleagues	
0	n and actively engaging in lectures and exercises is mandatory.	
During the hours of lectures and exercises, eating, whispering that interferes with class work and the use of		
mobile phones are PROHIBITED. At the same time, cell phones must be turned off or put on silent and not		
used during lectures or exercises. Lack of academic integrity (including plagiarism, copying another		
person's work, use of unauthorized exam aids, cheating, etc.) will not be tolerated. If there are doubts about		
the authenticity of the submitted work, the teacher has the right to ask the student to verify his/her work.		
This can be done through: repetition of work, written or oral testing, unexpected quiz or any other action		
deemed necessary by the lecturer.	• • • •	